

Date: 10/11/23 GRADE: X

MONTHLY TEST -03 (2023-24) SOCIAL SCIENCE

Marks: 20 Time: 1Hour

General Instructions:

1. There are 8 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.

Qn.	All Questions are Compulsory	
No		
1	In the following questions, a statement of Assertion (A) is statement of Reason(R). Mark the correct choice as: (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the correct (A). (b) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NOT the correct of (A). (c) (A) is true but (R) is false.	explanation of
	 (d) (A) is false and (R) is true. 1a. Assertion (A): General Dyer entered the area exit points and opened fire on the crowd, killing Reason (R): As he declared later, his object was moral effect", to create in the minds of satyagra terror and awe. Ans: (a) Both (A) and (R) are true and (R) is the explanation of (A). 2a. Assertion (A): Folklores gave a picture of trait helps in discovering a national identity and resof pride in one's past. Reason (R): Nationalism spreads when people of unity that binds them together. Ans: (b) Both (A) and (R) are true but (R) is NO explanation of (A). 	hundreds. s to "produce a shis a feeling of e correct aditional culture, storing a sense discover some

2	 Which of the statements given below is correct? a) Democracies are completely free from corruption. b) All the democracies fulfill the requirement of fair elections that offer equal opportunities to all individuals and subject all decisions to public debate. c) Democratic governments have a commendable track record in terms of sharing information with citizens as compared to non-democratic governments. d) Democracies have been more successful in establishing regular and free elections and creating conditions for open public debate. Ans: (d) Democracies have been more successful in establishing regular and free elections and creating conditions for open public debate. 	1
3	What are the rock formations associated with petroleum occurrences in India? a) Sedimentary rocks b) Igneous rocks c) Metamorphic rocks d) all of these. Ans: Sedimentary rocks	1
4	What outcome can one reasonably expect of democracies? Ans: . One should reasonably expect the following outcomes of democracy: (a)Accountable, responsive and legitimate government: Democracy provides people with the right to choose their rulers and control over them. In this way it helps people to elect a government that is accountable to the citizens and responsible to the needs and expectations. (b) Economic growth and development: As democracy is based on the principle of equality, it is bound to bring about economic growth and development in the country. (c) Reduction in Inequality and poverty: In democracy, everyone is considered equal in the eyes of law and provided equal opportunities.	2
5	 "Salt is something that is consumed by the rich and the poor alike across India." Which step by Viceroy Irwin enraged Gandhi. to launch a nationwide protest movement using this essential item as a symbol? Ans: On 31 January 1930, Gandhiji sent a letter to Viceroy Irwin stating 11 demands, the most stirring of which was the demand to abolish the salt tax. Salt was one of the most essential items of food. Tax on salt and the government monopoly over its production, Gandhi declared, revealed the most oppressive face of British rule. Irwin was unwilling to negotiate and so, Mahatma Gandhi started his famous 240 miles long Salt March accompanied by 78 of his trusted volunteers. 	3

How does democracy produce an accountable, responsive and legitimate 6 government? Ans: (a) Democracy produces an accountable government because it is answerable to the people. It is a form of government in which people rule themselves through their elected representatives. The elected representatives form government, make policies and run the administration of the country. If they do not work according to the wishes of the people, then the people have the right to change their representatives at the time of next general elections. Thus, in this way, the government elected by the people is accountable to them. (b) Democracy produces a government, which is responsive to the needs and expectations of the people. The government has to follow certain procedures while taking any decision and the people should know as to what the government is going to decide. People can participate in the decision-making process of the government and have the right to criticise and question the government policies. In a nutshell, it can be said that before taking any decision the democratic government has to keep in mind the views expressed by the people. (c) A democratic government is a legitimate government because it is elected by the people and is formed under the norms provided by the constitution of the country. The party which gets a majority in the legislature forms the government and other parties form the opposition. It may be slow or less efficient but it is people's own government.

- 7 Mention three ways in which MNCs are spreading their production units across the globe.
 - Ans: 1.By setting up partnerships with local companies. The benefit to the loxal company of such joint production is two fold.

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- By closely competing with local companies or buying them up.
- 3.By using local companies for supply.

8	Differentiate between Convention energy. Ans: Conventional Sources of Energy These are the traditional Sources of energy produced from coal, petroleum and natural gas. They are non-renewable. Their generation is expensive. They pollute the atmosphere on a large scale. As the supply of fossil fuels are limited they are expensive.	Non- conventional Sources of Energy These are the sources of energy developed recently from the sun, wind, tides etc. They are renewable. Their generation is very cheap. They are pollution-free sources. As they are flow resources, freely found in nature in abundance other than atomic energy, they are less expensive.	5
	THE	END	